

**LL.B. (3 Years Course) Six Semesters**  
(Applicable from academic year 2026-27)

**Ordinance**

(General Rules, Examination Regulations and Course of Study with Amendments)

**RMPS University Aligarh U.P. 202001**

## **General Rules for LL.B. (Three Years) {Six Semesters} Degree Course**

(Session 2026-27 onwards)

Whereas, it is necessary to adopt and implement the revised curriculum, and rules formulated by the Bar Council of India, Raja Mahendra Pratap Singh University, Aligarh hereby adopts LL.B. Three years (Six Semester) Degree Course of Study and frames the following general rules for the implementation from the academic years 2026-27 onwards.

**i. Eligibility For Admission:**

A Candidate will be eligible for admission to LL.B. class if he/she has completed Graduation or any other equivalent examination from any recognized University and has secured not less than 45% marks in case of a Unreserved candidate, 42% in case of OBC candidate and 40% in case of SC/ST candidate.

**ii. Admission Procedure:**

Admission to LL.B. First semester will be made strictly on the basis of the merit list prepared by adding full percentage of marks obtained in qualifying examination and half of the percentage of marks obtained in Intermediate (10+2) or equivalent examination plus weightage, if any, for which the candidate is entitled as per the general rules of the RMPS University, Aligarh. The merit will be calculated up to two figures after decimal point.

To determine the merit for admissions of such candidates who have secured equal merit points in the aforesaid procedure, the candidate who has secured higher percentage in qualifying examination will get preference in the merit list.

In case at this stage also two or more candidates have equal merit counts than who is senior in age will have the preference in the merit list.

Reservation and weightage shall be as per the RMPS University Rules.

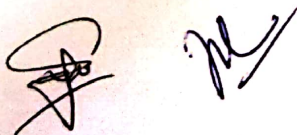
**iii. Prohibition to Register for two regular courses of Study:**

No student shall be allowed to simultaneously register for a law degree programme with any other regular graduate or post graduate degree programme run by the RMPS University or any other university or any institution of professional learning.

**iv. Age of Admission**

Bar Council of India has recommended for maximum age on admission to LL.B. three years course. however, these are only recommendatory and not mandatory and more over the RMPS University Aligarh is an affiliating University for LL.B. three years course, the faculty Board is of the view that maximum age bar is not feasible as now. However, the Vice-Chancellor, RMPS University Aligarh may take final decision regarding age on admission keeping in view the recommendation provided in Schedule III para 28 of Bar Council Rules of Legal Education after necessary deliberations.

**v. Attendance:**



No student of LL.B. programme shall be allowed to take the end semester examination if the student has not attended minimum 75% of the classes held as also the moot court room exercises, tutorials and practicals conducted in the subject taken together.

Provided that if a student for any exceptional reasons failed to attend 75% of the classes held in any subject, the Principal of the College may allow the student after approval from the Vice-Chancellor of the RMPS University Aligarh, if he/ she has attended at least 65% of the classes held.

vi. **Overriding Effect:**

The relevant UGC/ BCI Rules (as amended from time to time) shall be binding on the University.

**Rules for promotion, Exemption, Back Paper including Rules for Improvement etc. to be effective from session 2026-27.**

**A. Curriculum and Duration of Studies:**

1. The three Years degree course in law, namely Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) shall be divided in Six Semesters.
2. The curriculum of studies of the LL.B. Degree shall comprise of the courses set out hereinafter. **(Schedule A)**
3. The course content of each paper of study shall be such as set out hereinafter. **(Schedule B)**

Provided that the Board of studies in Law may make such changes in content of the course of study as and when it deems it necessary and report the matter to the Faculty Board of Law for approval.

4. The curriculum of study for the LL.B. three years degree course shall be spread over three academic years, and shall be divided into six semesters for the examination purpose called as First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, and Sixth Semester. Each academic year shall be divided into two semesters.
5. Each semester course shall be conducted in not less than 15 weeks with not less than 30 class hours per week, including tutorials/ written assignments, moot court, seminars, workshops and special lectures provided there shall be at least 24 lecture hours per week as prescribed by the Bar Council of India

**B. Examination:**

1. In every semester in each paper/ practical, as the case may be, maximum marks shall be 100 while minimum pass marks in each paper will be 40% individually and 48% in aggregate (i.e. total of all papers excluding marks obtained in practical paper) of that semester. In practical paper the passing marks will be 50.
2. A student shall be examined in 22 compulsory and 4 optional theory papers from first to sixth semester carrying 90 marks for each paper through written examination



conducted by the university and 10 marks in each paper shall be of internal examination consisting tutorials or written assignments. The result will be the aggregate of exam held by university and internal assessment and a student who did not submit their assignment within time will be considered as securing '0' Zero, in each paper.

3. The student shall also be examined in four compulsory practical papers in III, IV, V and VI semesters carrying 100 marks as prescribed in the Schedule B by two examiners, of which one shall be internal and another shall be external. External and internal examiners are appointed batch wise by the University for each semester. Internal examiners of each practical paper shall conduct written examination or written assignment and via-voice with the External examiner in each batch.
4. Division shall be awarded on the result of examination of all the semesters. Those of successful candidates who obtain 48% and upwards and below 60% of the total marks shall be placed in the SECOND DIVISION and those of the successful candidates who obtained 60% and upwards of the total marks shall be placed in the FIRST DIVISION.
5. Grace Marks: -A candidate may be given **five (05) marks as grace marks** in only one individual paper or in aggregate, as the case may be, if this grace marks enable him to pass the examination of final semester i.e. sixth Semester.

#### C. Promotion

1. No student shall be promoted to the next semester if he/ she has been detained in the examination for shortage of attendance (i.e.75%).
2. All the candidates who have had the minimum required percentage of attendance in the odd Semester, filled up the examination form and appeared in that odd Semester examination will be promoted to even Semester.
3. A student shall be promoted in the next year (i.e. even to odd Semester) only after passing minimum **Seven (7) papers** of the odd Semester and even Semester together.
4. All students who secured 48% aggregate marks in **odd and even semesters individually**; and passed all the papers of the year will be pass promoted in the next year. (i.e. from even to odd Semester)
5. Students will be allowed to appear in **only maximum three papers in each year** (The odd & even Semester) as back paper in next forthcoming semester examinations.

#### D. Back Paper

1. The back paper facility to reappear in a year (i.e. odd & even semester examinations) of any three papers shall only be available to a candidate who failed in maximum three individual papers of a year (i.e. odd & even Semester examinations taking together) or to candidate who passed in all individual papers but could not reach the **48% marks in aggregate** to pass each semester individually.



2. This back paper facility shall be available to a student only once in a year.
3. This back paper facility shall not be available to an ex-student.

**E. Ex-Student**

1. A candidate who has failed in four or more papers / or failed in Back paper examination as per the rules of promotion, he shall be allowed to appear as an ex-student in the concerned semester (i.e. if he failed in one semester than only that semester and if he failed in both the semesters than both the Semesters).
2. A candidate, who has failed in the examinations but is eligible for back paper facility, shall not be allowed to appear in the examination as an ex-student.
3. A candidate shall be allowed to appear as ex-student for not more than once a year to the condition that he will have to clear the LL.B. Course in maximum (5) Five Years. If he fails to pass the examination during this period, he will be deemed to have abandoned the course and shall not be readmitted.

**F. Readmission**

1. There shall be no readmission in the first, third and fifth semesters.
2. A student, who has failed in examination or failed to appear in the examinations and who is otherwise eligible to appear in the examination as an ex-student shall not be admitted as a regular student.

**G. Improvement**

A candidate who has passed all the semesters with aggregate 48% marks, is eligible for improvement only in two individual papers, and will be allowed to appear those papers in the respective semester examinations of the next year.

**H. Left out Practical/ failed practical paper**

If a candidate drops/ or failed in his/ her practical examination of any semester, he may appear in left out/ or failed practical examination conducted by the university in the same semester/ year on payment of fees fixed by the university.

**Schedule-I**

**LLB (Three years) 6 Semester Course**

| <b>Semester-I</b>  | <b>Subject</b>                           | <b>Paper Code</b> |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Paper-I            | - Constitutional Law of India-I          | (LL1001)          |
| Paper-II           | - Law of Contract-I                      | (LL1002)          |
| Paper-III          | - Family Law-I (Hindu Law)               | (LL1003)          |
| Paper-IV           | - Law of Torts & Consumer Protection Act | (LL1004)          |
| Paper-V            | - Legal Language and Legal writing       | (LL1005)          |
| <b>Semester-II</b> |                                          |                   |
| Paper-I            | -Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (B.N.S.)        | (LL2001)          |
| Paper-II           | -Family Law-II (Muslim Law)              | (LL2002)          |
| Paper-III          | -Law of Contract-II                      | (LL2003)          |

|                     |                                                                        |           |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Paper-IV            | -Transfer of Property Act and Indian Easement Act                      | (LL2004)  |
| Paper-V             | - Constitutional Law of India-II                                       | (LL2005)  |
| <b>Semester-III</b> |                                                                        | (LL3001)  |
| Paper-I             | -Jurisprudence                                                         | (LL3002)  |
| Paper-II            | -Public International Law                                              | (LL3003)  |
| Paper-III           | -Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam (B.S.A.)                                  | (LL3004)  |
| Paper-IV            | -Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita (B.N.S.S.)                         |           |
| Paper-V             | -Alternative Dispute Resolution and Public Interest Litigation         |           |
|                     | (LL3005P)                                                              |           |
| <b>Semester-IV</b>  |                                                                        | (LL4001)  |
| Paper-I             | - Administrative Law                                                   | (LL4002)  |
| Paper-II            | - Civil Procedure Code                                                 | (LL4003)  |
| Paper-III           | - Labour Code                                                          | (LL4004A) |
| Paper-IVA           | - Criminology, Penology and Juvenile Justice Act                       | (LL4004B) |
| Paper-IVB           | - Information Technology Act and Cyber Crime                           |           |
| Paper-V             | - Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers and Bench Bar Relations |           |
|                     | (LL4005P)                                                              |           |
| <b>Semester-V</b>   |                                                                        | (LL5001)  |
| Paper-I             | - Revenue Code                                                         | (LL5002)  |
| Paper-II            | -Environmental Law                                                     | (LL5003)  |
| Paper-III           | -Company Law                                                           | (LL5004A) |
| Paper-IVA           | -Law of Taxation                                                       | (LL5004B) |
| Paper-IVB           | -Bankruptcy and Insolvency Code                                        | (LL5005P) |
| Paper-V             | -Pleading, Drafting and Conveyancing                                   |           |
| <b>Semester-VI</b>  |                                                                        | (LL6001)  |
| Paper-I             | -Interpretation of Statutes                                            | (LL6002)  |
| Paper-II            | -Intellectual Property Rights                                          | (LL6003A) |
| Paper-IIIA          | -Gender Studies                                                        | (LL6003B) |
| Paper-IIIB          | -Trust, Equity and Fiduciary Relations                                 | (LL6004A) |
| Paper-IVA           | -Right to Information Act and Limitation Act                           | (LL6004B) |
| Paper-IVB           | -Human Rights                                                          | (LL6005)  |
| Paper-V             | -Moot Court Exercise and Legal Awareness                               |           |

## Schedule-II

### Paper I- Constitutional Law of India-I

**Unit-I:** Preamble, Basic Features and Nature of the Constitution.

**Unit-II:** Citizenship, Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental Duties.

**Unit-III:** Fundamental Rights: Article 12 to Article 35.

**Unit-IV:** Executive: Union & State.

**Unit-V:** Legislatures: Union & State.

**Recommended Books**

- |                              |                 |
|------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. The Constitution of India | Bare Act        |
| 2. The Constitution of India | V.N. Shukla     |
| 3. Constitution of India     | J.N. Pandey     |
| 4. Constitution of India     | J.J.R. Upadhyay |

**Paper II- Law of Contract-I**

**Unit-I:** Section 1-9

**Unit-II:** Section 10-30.

**Unit-III:** Section 31-50.

**Unit-IV:** Section 51-67.

**Unit-V:** Section 68-75.

**Recommended Books**

- |                                  |                   |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Indian Contract Act, 1872     | Bare Act          |
| 2. Anson's Law of Contract       | J. Beatson        |
| 3. Anson-Law of Contract (1998), | Universal, Delhi  |
| 4. Indian Contract Act           | Pollock and Mulla |
| 5. Law of Contract               | Avtar Singh       |
| 6. संविदा विधि                   | एस०के० कपूर       |

**Paper III- Family Law-I (Hindu Law)**

**Unit-I:** Nature, who are Hindus, Sources & schools of Hindu law.

**Unit-II:** Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 Maintenance under Hindu Adoption and maintenance Act, 1956

**Unit-III:** Hindu Minority & Guardianship Act, 1956, Guardian & Wards Act, 1890, Indian Majority Act, 1875.

**Unit-IV:** Joint Hindu family Origin, Coparcenary, Distinction between Coparcenary and Joint Family & Property, Karta, Endowment, Debts, Gift and Will.

**Unit-V:** Partition: Definition, Persons entitled to deemed partition, reopening and reunion, Hindu Succession Act, 1956: Features, Devolution of interest in Coparcenary property including Hindu Succession (Amendment) Act, 2005. List of heirs in Class-I & II of the Schedule.

**Recommended Books**

- |                                              |          |
|----------------------------------------------|----------|
| 1. Hindu Marriage Act, 1955.                 | Bare Act |
| 2. Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956. | Bare Act |



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|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 3. Hindu Minority and guardianship Act, 1956. | Bare Act        |
| 4. Hindu Succession Act, 1956.                | Bare Act        |
| 5. Modern Hindu Law.                          | Paras Diwan,    |
| 6. Hindu Law.                                 | Dr. Avtar Singh |
| 7. Principles of Hindu Law.                   | Mulla           |

#### **Paper IV- Law of Torts and Consumer Protection Act**

- Unit-I:** Definition, Nature & Scope of law of Torts; General Principles of Liability and Joint and Several Tort-feasors
- Unit-II:** Immunities & Incapability; General Defences: Remoteness of Damages and Vicarious Liability.
- Unit-III:** Tort against Persons: Defamation, Assault, Battery and false Imprisonment; Torts against Property: Trespass, Dispossession, Conversion, Waste, and Detention; Malicious Prosecution and Nuisance.
- Unit-IV:** Principles of Strict liability and Absolute Liability; Negligence
- Unit-V:** Consumer Protection Act 2019.

#### **Recommended Books**

1. Law of Torts
2. Law of Torts
3. Torts

R.K. Bangia  
Salmond & Heuston  
Winfield & Jolowitz

#### **Paper V- Legal Language and Legal Writing**

- Unit-I:** Meaning of Legal words, terms & phrases from English to Hindi & vice versa and their use. Antonyms and Synonyms.
- Unit-II:** Translation of two Passages (one from Hindi to English and another from English to Hindi), with choice.
- Unit-III:** An essay on a topic of legal interest in Hindi or English.
- Unit-IV:** Latin, Greek and Modern European words, Maxims, & Phrases; one word substitution.
- Unit-V:** Legal writing in Hindi/ English, i.e. Drafting, Pleadings & Conveyancing.

#### **Recommended Books**

- |                                                    |                       |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. Legal Language, Legal Writing & General English | Prof. H.D. Pithawalla |
| 2. Outline of Legal Language in India              | Dr. Anirudh Prasad    |
| 3. विधिक भाषा                                      | प्रो० रतन लाल जैन     |

### LL. B. Semester –III

#### Paper I- Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS)

**Unit I:** Definition, Essential element, and stages of Crime, mens-rea, actus-reas, & Section 1 to 44.

**Unit II:** Section 45 to 113.

**Unit III:** Section 114 to 226.

**Unit IV:** Section 227 to 302.

**Unit V:** Section 303 to 358.

#### **Recommended Books**

- |                                      |                      |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. The Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 | Bare Act             |
| 2. Indian Penal Code                 | S.N. Misra           |
| 3. Textbook on Indian Penal Code     | K.D. gaur            |
| 4. Indian Penal Code                 | Ratanlal & Dhirajlal |
| 5. Criminal Law                      | P.S.A. Pillai        |
| 6. Principles of the law of crimes   | Shamsul Huda         |

#### Paper II- Family Law-II (Muslim Law)

**Unit-I:** Nature, Application, Schools and Sources of Muslim Law

**Unit-II:** Marriage, Dower, Guardianship and Legitimacy.

**Unit-III:** Divorce and Maintenance, The Desolation of Muslim Marriage Act 1939.

**Unit-IV:** Hiba (Gift), Waqf and Will.

**Unit-V:** The Special Marriage Act, 1954

#### **Recommended Books**

- |                                    |                |
|------------------------------------|----------------|
| 1. Outlines of Mohammadan Law      | Fyzee          |
| 2. The Principals of Mohomedan law | Mulla          |
| 3. Muslim Law                      | Khalid Rasheed |
| 4. Muslim Law in Moden India       | Dr. ParasDewan |
| 5. Mohammedan Law                  | Aqeel Ahmad    |
| 6. Muslim Law                      | R.K. Shukla    |

#### Paper III- Law of Contract-II

**Unit-I:** Contract of Indemnity and guarantee.

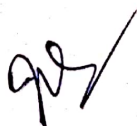
**Unit-II:** Contract of Bailment and Pledge.

**Unit-III:** Contract of Agency.

**Unit-IV:** Sales of Goods Act, 1930.

**Unit-V:** Indian Partnership Act, 1932.

#### **Recommended Book**



1. Law of Contract
2. Indian Contract Act, 1872
3. Indian Contract Act
4. Law of Contract
5. Mercantile Law
6. Mercantile Law

Anson(1988)  
Bare Act  
Pollock and Mulla  
Avtar Singh  
Avtar Singh  
R.K. Bangia

#### **Paper IV- Transfer of Property Act and Indian Easement Act**

**Unit-I:** General Definition, Section 1-24.

**Unit-II:** Section 25-53-A.

**Unit-III:** Section 54-117-A

**Unit-IV:** Section 118-137.

**Unit-V:** The Indian Easement Act, 1882.

##### **Recommended Books**

1. The Transfer of Property Act
2. The Transfer of Property Act
3. The Transfer of Property Act
4. सम्पत्ति अंतरण अधिनियम

R.K. Sinha  
G.P. Tripathi  
S.M. Lahiri  
डा० जे०एन० कुलश्रेष्ठ

#### **Paper V- Constitutional Law of India-II**

**Unit-I:** Composition of Supreme Court and High Courts; Appointment of Judges; Jurisdictions; Powers; Judicial Review; and Independence of Judiciary.

**Unit-II:** Centre-State Relations: Legislative, Administrative and Financial functions; Emergency Provisions: National, Presidential Rule, Financial.

**Unit-III:** Freedom of Trade, Commerce, and Intercourse; Services under the Union and States.

**Unit-IV:** Amendment of the Constitution; Tortious liability of the State; Right to property.

**Unit-V:** Constitutional Institutions: Financial Commission; Comptroller and Auditor General; Attorney General of India; Public Service Commission; National Commission for S.C., S.T. and O.B.C.; Tribunals.

##### **Recommended Books**

1. Constitution of India
2. Constitution of India
3. Constitutional of India

Bare Act  
V.N. Shukla  
J.N. Pandey



### LL. B. Semester –III

#### Paper I- Jurisprudence

**Unit-I:** Nature & scope of Jurisprudence;

**Unit-II:** Schools/ Theories of Jurisprudence: Natural, Analytical, Historical, Sociological, and Modern Realism.

**Unit-III:** Sources and Kinds of Laws.

**Unit-IV:** State & Sovereignty; Liability; Law of Obligation; and Administration of Justice.

**Unit-V:** Legal Rights & Duties; Legal Person; Ownership and Possession

#### **Recommended Books**

- |                                                      |                     |
|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. Introduction to Jurisprudence                     | Dr. Avtar Singh     |
| 2. Jurisprudence                                     | Dias                |
| 3. Jurisprudence Legal Theory                        | Dr. B.N.M. Tripathi |
| 4. Studies in Jurisprudence & Legal Theory           | Dr. N.P. Paranjape  |
| 5. Fundamental of Jurisprudence- The Indian Approach | S.N. Dhyani         |

#### Paper II- Public International Law

**Unit-I:** Definition, Nature & Scope of International Law; Relationship of Public International Law and Natural Law; Sources of International Law and Treaties.

**Unit-II:** Recognition of State; State Succession in International Law; State Territories; and Modes of Acquisition and Loss of Territories.

**Unit-III:** Nationality, Citizenship & Domicile; Extradition, Asylum & Genocide; and Intervention.

**Unit-IV:** Diplomatic Agent; Law of Neutrality; and Settlement of International Disputes.

**Unit-V:** UNO & other Institutions.

#### **Recommended Books**

- |                                         |              |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------|
| 1. Public International Law             | S.K. Kapoor  |
| 2. Public International Law             | H.O. Agarwal |
| 3. An Introduction to International Law | J.G. Starke  |
| 4. International Law                    | Openheim     |

#### Paper III- Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam (BSA)

**Unit I:** Section 1 to 14.

**Unit II:** Section 15 to 45

**Unit III:** Section 46 to 77

**Unit IV:** Section 78 to 123

**Unit V:** Section 124 to 170

### Recommended Books

1. The Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023.
2. The Law of Evidence.
3. The Law of Evidence.
4. The Law of Evidence.
5. Principles of The Law of Evidence.
6. Law of Evidence.
7. Law of Evidence.
8. Text on The Law of Evidence.
9. Law of Evidence.

Bare Act  
Raja ram Yadav  
Ratan Lal Dhiraj Lal  
Batuk Lal  
Avtar Singh  
S.C. Sarkar  
Justice P.S. Narayana  
Justice M. Monir  
Dr. Absar Kidwai

### Paper IV- Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita (BNSS)

- Unit-I: Section 1-143  
Unit-II: Section 144-209  
Unit-III: Section 210-306  
Unit-IV: Section 307-412  
Unit-V: Section 413-531.

### Recommended Books

1. The Code of Criminal Procedure
2. Lectures on Criminal Procedure
3. The Code of Criminal Procedure
4. The Code of Criminal Procedure
5. The Code of Criminal Procedure
6. The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita 2023

R.V. Kelkar  
R.V. Kelkar  
S.N. Mishra  
RatanLal & DheerajLal  
BatukLal  
(Bare Act)

### Paper V- Alternative Dispute Resolution System and Public Interest Litigation

#### Part-A

Alternative Dispute Resolution System: Native, Concept, Scope, Limitations and necessity of alternative Modes of dispute resolution Kinds of ADR System- Arbitration, Conciliation, Mediation, Negotiation, Lok-Adalat, family Courts. Advantages and Disadvantages of ADR.

#### Part-B

Lok-Adalat: Organization, Jurisdiction, Types, Power & Functions of Lok Adalat.

#### Part-C

Public Interest Litigation: Introduction, Origin, development and scope of Public Interest Litigation, Concept of Locus-Standi, Merits and demerits of PIL.

Note: -The Division of Marks:

1. Written test at the time of Practical (Maximum marks 40)
2. Practical/ Record File (Maximum Marks 40)

**LL. B. Semester –IV**

**Paper I- Administrative Law**

**Unit-I:** Introduction, Nature, Scope and definition of Administrative Law, Droit Administrative, Separation of Powers, Rule of Law.

**Unit-II:** Delegated Legislation and its control.

**Unit-III:** Natural Justice; Administrative discretion and its judicial control; Ombudsman.

**Unit-IV:** Writs; Article 226 and 227 of the Constitution of India; Tribunals and Corporations.

**Unit-V:** Suits against Government in Torts and Contract; Power of Administration and Enquiry.

**Recommended Books**

- |                       |              |
|-----------------------|--------------|
| 1. Administrative Law | Dicey        |
| 2. Administrative Law | M.P. Jain    |
| 3. Administrative Law | C.K. Takwani |
| 4. Administrative Law | I.P. Massey  |

**Paper II- Civil Procedure Code**

**Unit-I:** Preliminary, Definitions, Suits of Civil nature, Principles of Res-judicata & Res-subjudice, Foreign Judgement, Place of Suing.

**Unit-II:** Parties to suit, frame of Suit, Pleadings: Plaint, Written Statement, Set-off, Counter Claim; Suit by Indigent Persons; and Suits in particular cases.

**Unit-III:** Summons and Discovery; Issue of Process; Appearance of Parties; Summoning and Attendance of witness and Execution of Decrees.

**Unit- IV:** Incidental proceedings: Commission and Letter of request; Supplemental proceedings: Arrest and Attachment before Judgement, Temporary injunction; Interlocutory orders; Receiver; Appeals; Reference; Review; Revision; Restitution; caveat and inherent powers of Court.

**Unit-V:** Limitation of suits, appeals and applications; Period of Limitation; Continuous running of time.

**Recommended Books**

- |                                  |               |
|----------------------------------|---------------|
| 1. Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 | Bare Act      |
| 2. Code of Civil Procedure       | C.K. Takwani  |
| 3. Code of Civil Procedure       | T.P. Tripathi |
| 4. Code of Civil Procedure       | Sarkar        |
| 5. Code of Civil Procedure       | Mulla         |



### Paper III- Labour Code

**Unit-I:** Conditions of labours in the beginning of industrialization; causes for exploitation of labour in early days; emergence of concept of social justice and social security;

**Unit-II:** The Code on Wages, 2019

**Unit-III:** Industrial Relations Code, 2020.

**Unit-IV:** The Code of Social Security 2020

**Unit-IV:** The Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code 2020.

#### **Recommended Books**

- |                                                                       |                         |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. The Code on Wages, 2019.                                           | Bare Act                |
| 2. Industrial Relations Code, 2020.                                   | Bare Act                |
| 3. The Code of Social Security, 2020.                                 | Bare Act                |
| 4. The Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020. | Bare Act                |
| 5. Labour and Industrial Laws                                         | H.L. Kumar              |
| 6. Introduction to Labour and Industrial law                          | Avtar Singh and H. Kaur |
| 7. Labour and Industrial Laws                                         | S.N. Mishra             |
| 8. Industrial Relations and Labour Laws                               | S.C. Srivastava         |
| 9. Industrial Relations and Labour Laws                               | B.D. Singh              |

### Paper IVA- Criminology, Penology and Juvenile Justice Act

**Unit-I:** Introduction, Society and criminology; causation of Crime, Schools of Criminology.

**Unit-II:** Child Delinquency, White Collar crimes; Preventive and corrective measures.

**Unit-III:** Parole; Probation and Recidivism.

**Unit-IV:** Different kinds of crimes, theories and object of punishment and capital punishment

**Unit-V:** Juvenile Justice Act, 2015

#### **Recommended Books**

- |                                |                  |
|--------------------------------|------------------|
| 1. New Horizons of Criminology | Barnes & Teeters |
| 2. Principles of Criminology   | E.H. Sutherland  |
| 3. Criminology and Penology    | N.V. Paranjape   |
| 4. Criminology and Penology    | Ahamad Siddique  |

### Paper IVB- Information Technology Act and Cyber Crime

**Unit-I:** Introduction, basic concept of technology and law; understanding the technology; Scope of Cyber laws; Cyber Jurisprudence.

**Unit-II:** Understanding Electronic Contracts: The Indian law of Contract, Types of electronic contracts.

**Unit-III:** Relation of information technology and relation with copyright, design, patent and trademarks.

**Unit-IV:** Digital Signature, E-governance, Regulation of Certifying Authority, Duties of Controller, Subscribers, Penalties and Adjudication under Information Technology Act, 2000.

**Unit-V:** Cyber Crimes: Understanding cyber crime; Crime in context of internet, types of crime in internet, Indian Penal Law & Cyber crimes: Fraud, hacking, Mischief, Trespass, Defamation, Stalking, Spam, Issue of Internet Governance, Freedom of Expression in internet, Section 66,67,68,69,70 of IT Act 2000, issue of censorship, Sedition, Libel, Subversion, and Privacy issues.

**Recommended Books**

1. Cyber Crime

Prof. R.K. Chaubey

2. Cyber Crime

Prof. S.N. Mishra

3. साइबर क्राइम

अमिताभ ठाकुर

4. Information Technology Act 2000

Bare Act

**Paper V- Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers and Bench Bar Relations**

**Part-A**

Advocate Act, 1961: Constitution, Functions, Powers and Jurisdiction of State Bar Council and Bar Council of India; Professional Ethics and Advocacy; Duties of an Advocate: towards Court, Client, opponent, Colleagues and Society; Bench-Bar relationship; Professional misconduct and Privileges of Advocates.

**Part-B**

Contempt of Court Act, 1971: Object and Constitutional validity of contempt of Court Act. Civil Contempt; and Criminal Contempt; Contempt by Judges, Magistrate, Lawyers and other persons.

**Part-C**

Code of Ethics for Lawyers; Punishment for professional and other misconducts of Advocates; and Punishment for contempt of Courts. Study of at least 10 (Ten) reported cases of contempt of Courts.

**Note:** -The Division of Marks:

- |                                          |                    |
|------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Written test at the time of Practical | (Maximum marks 40) |
| 2. Practical/ Record File                | (Maximum Marks 40) |
| 3. Viva-Voce                             | (Maximum Marks 20) |

## LL. B. Semester -V

### Paper I- Revenue Code

- Unit-I:** Brief History of U.P. Revenue Code, 2006; Aims and Object of the Code; Applicability of the Code and extension to new areas; Definitions; Division of State into revenue areas and its constitution; Board of Revenue, Powers, Jurisdiction and decisions of the Board, District and Division Authorities.
- Unit-II:** Classes of Tenure Holders; Transfer of Land by different tenure holders; Rights of Tenure holders and consequences of transfer in contravention of provisions of the Code.
- Unit-III:** Mutation Proceedings on succession and Transfer; Settlement of Boundary disputes and correction of revenue records; Proceedings of Allotment of Land and Declaration of Land; Gram Sabha and Bhumi Prabandhak Samiti.
- Unit-IV:** Surrender and Abandonment; Lease; Ejectment and Scheme of Succession.
- Unit-V:** Modes of Recovery of Arrears of Land Revenue; Appeal, Reference and Revision; and Penalty.

#### **Recommended Books**

- |                            |             |
|----------------------------|-------------|
| 1. U.P. Revenue Code, 2006 | Bare Act    |
| 2. Land Laws               | R.R. Maurya |
| 3. Land Laws               | S.P. Singh  |

### Paper II- Environmental Law

- Unit-I:** Introduction and components of Environment; Pollution & its kinds; International Provisions relating to Environment: various National & International Convention and Declaration on Environment Development
- Unit-II:** Constitutional provisions relating to Environment & Judicial Activism; Law of Tort & Environment; and Criminal & Civil laws on Environment.
- Unit-III:** Environment Protection Act, 1986; Hazardous Waste (managing and Handling) Rules 1989; and Disaster Management Act 2005.
- Unit-IV:** Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974; Air (Prevention and Control) Act, 1981 and Noise (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000.
- Unit-V:** Wild Life Protection Act, 1972 and Forest Conservation Act, 1980.

#### **Recommended Books**

- |                                             |                         |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Environment Law in India                 | P.L. Krishnan           |
| 2. The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986   | P.M. bakshi             |
| 3. Environment Law & Policy in India.       | S.Divan & A. Rosencranz |
| 4. Environ Protection Law & Policy in India | K. Thakur               |



**Paper III- Company Law**

**Unit-I:** Meaning, Nature and Kinds of Company; Formation, Promotion and Incorporation of Company.

**Unit-II:** Memorandum of Association; Articles of Association and Prospectus of Company.

**Unit-III:** Share capital; Debenture; Allotment; transfer and Forfeiture of Shares, Member of Company.

**Unit-IV:** Management and Control of Company; Directors and Auditors.

**Unit-V:** Winding up of company; Liquidator; National Company Law Tribunal, Appellate Tribunal, and Social Courts.

**Recommended Books**

- |                |                    |
|----------------|--------------------|
| 1. Company Law | Bare Act           |
| 2. Company Law | Dr. Avtar Singh    |
| 3. Company Law | Dr. V.N. Paranjape |

**Paper IVA- Law of Taxation**

**Unit-I:** Definitions; Previous Year; Income which do not form part of total income.

**Unit-II:** Various heads of Income and Liability in special Cases.

**Unit-III:** Set off or carry forward of losses; Deduction to be made in Computing total income; Rebates and Reliefs.

**Unit-IV:** Income Tax Authorities, return of income, Regular Assessment, Best Judgment, income escaping assessment.

**Unit-V:** Appeals, Revision and references, Penalties, Impossible offers and Prosecutions.

**Recommended Books**

- |                    |                |
|--------------------|----------------|
| 1. Law of Taxation | KailashRai     |
| 2. Law of Taxation | Taxaman        |
| 3. Service Tax     | Taxaman        |
| 4. Income Tax      | N.A. Palkiwala |

**Paper IVB- Bankruptcy and Insolvency Code**

**Unit-I:** Origin and History of Bankruptcy Law; The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016- object and applicability of the Act; and definitions.

**Unit-II:** Insolvency resolution and liquidation for corporate Persons; Application and definitions, corporate Insolvency resolution process, Liquidation Process, Fast Track Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process.




**Unit-III:** Voluntary liquidation of corporate persons, adjudicating authority for corporate persons, offences and penalties; Insolvency Resolution and Bankruptcy for Individuals and Partnership firms; Application and definitions, fresh start Process; and Insolvency resolution Process, Bankruptcy order for Individuals and Partnership firms.

**Unit-IV:** Administration and distribution of the estate of the Bankrupt; adjudicating authorities for individuals and partnership firms; and Offences and Penalties

**Unit-V:** Regulation of Insolvency Professionals Agencies and Information Utilities; the insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India; Powers and functions of the Board; Insolvency Professionals Agencies, Insolvency Professionals Information Utilities; Inspector; and Investigation, Finance, Accounts and Audit.

**Recommended Books**

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|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. The Law of Insolvency in India                           | Mulla                          |
| 2. Bankruptcy.                                              | Williams                       |
| 3. Commentary on the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016   | Pranav Khatavkar               |
| 4. Law Relating to the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 | Vinod Kothari and Sikha Bansal |
| 5. Law Insolvency and Bankruptcy                            | Dr. S.R. Myneni                |

**Paper V- Pleading, Drafting and Conveyancing**

**Part-A**

1. Pleading: - Meaning, importance and objects; Fundamental rules of pleadings and Amendment of Pleadings, Affidavit, Execution
2. Plaint: - Essentials of Plaint, Presentation and Rejection
3. Written Statement: - Essentials of written statement and consequences of non-filing of a written statement.

**Part-B**

1. Drafting: - General Principles of drafting and relevant substantive rules.
2. Memorandum of Appeal & Revision: - Plaint; Written Statement; Affidavit; and writ Petition, Petitions under Article 32 and 226 of the Constitution of India & PIL.
3. Criminal: - Criminal Misc. Petition Complaints; FIR; Bail Application and Framing of Charge Memorandum of Appeal & Revision.

**Part-C**

1. Conveyancing: Sale Deed; Mortgage Deed; Lease deed; Gift Deed; Will Deed; and Power of Attorney, Promissory Note, Trust Deed.

**Note:** - The Division of Marks should be-

- |                                          |                    |
|------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| i. Written Test at the time of Practical | (Maximum Marks-40) |
| ii. Practical File                       | (Maximum marks-40) |
| iii. Viva Vice                           | (Maximum Marks-20) |

## LL. B. Semester –VI

### Paper I- Interpretation of Statutes

**Unit-I:** Introduction, Classification of Statutes, General Principles of Interpretation: Literal rule of Interpretation, Mischief Rule, Golden Rule, Harmonious Construction, Noscitur a Sociis and Ejusdem Generis.

**Unit-II:** Beneficial construction; Strict construction of Penal Statutes, Strict Construction of Taxing Statutes, Mandatory and Directory enactments.

**Unit-III:** Internal and External Aids to Interpretation, Conjunctive and Disjunctive Enactments.

**Unit-IV:** Presumption regarding Jurisdiction, Retrospective Operation of Statutes, and Commencement, Repeal and Revival of Enactments.

**Unit-V:** Interpretation of Constitution, Doctrine: Colourable legislation, Eclipse, Territorial Nexus, Prospective overruling, Pith and Substance, Repugnancy.

#### **Recommended Books**

- |                                            |                     |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. Principles of Statutory Interpretation. | Maxwell             |
| 2. Interpretation Of Statutes.             | Dr. T. Bhattacharya |
| 3. Interpretation of Statutes.             | Justice G.P. Singh  |
| 4. Interpretation of Statutes.             | R.N. Parsad         |
| 5. कानूनों का निर्वचन                      | डॉ० टी० भट्टाचार्य  |

### Paper II- Intellectual Property rights

**Unit-I:** Introduction and need of Intellectual Property Right (IPR) and its Developments.

**Unit-II:** Patents Act 1970

**Unit-III:** Copyright Act 1957,

**Unit-IV:** Trademarks Act 1999

**Unit-V:** Design Act 2000. The Protection of Plant Variety & Farmers Right's Act, 2001.

#### **Recommended Books**

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|---------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Law related Intellectual Property Rights | Prof. J.P. Mishra |
| 2. Intellectual Property Rights             | Bare Act          |

### Paper IIIA- Gender Studies

**Unit-I:** Nature and scope of gender studies; Historical perspective and development of gender studies

**Unit-II:** Concept of Feminism, Gender Display and Education in India.





**Unit-III:** Gender & society; social construction of Society (i) Women (ii) Transgenders  
**Unit-IV:** Gender based violence in family, community, workplace etc, Cultural Practices violating Gender base rights.

**Unit-V:** Role of Statutory bodies & Institutions; and Judicial Activism on Gender Justice.

**Recommended Books**

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|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Gender Justice: Women and Law in India       | Monika Chawla     |
| 2. Women and Law                                | Raj Kumar (ed.)   |
| 3. Law relating to Women and children           | Mamta Rao         |
| 4. Women and Criminal Law                       | Dr. S.C. Tripathi |
| 5. Gender Justice under Indian Criminal Justice | Prof. G.R. Nair   |

**Paper IIIB- Trust, Equity and Fiduciary Relations**

**Unit-I:** Concept, Description, History and Definition of Equity.

**Unit-II:** Classification of Equity Jurisdiction

**Unit-III:** Classification of equitable rights, election, mistake, fraud, misrepresentation, and undue influence.

**Unit-IV:** Concept and definition of Trust, kinds of Trust and Formation & extinction of Trust.

**Unit-V:** Appointment, removal, rights, duties, powers and liabilities of Trustee; Rights, duties, powers and liabilities of Beneficiaries.

**Recommended Books**

- |                                          |                 |
|------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. Principles of Equity                  | G.P. Singh      |
| 2. Equity, Trust and Fiduciary Relations | Aquil Ahmed     |
| 3. Equity, Trust and Mortgage            | J.J.R. Upadhyay |
| 4. सम्पत्ति, न्यास और प्रत्यय संबंध      | जी०पी० सिंह     |

**Paper IVA- Right to Information Act and Limitation Act**

**Unit-I:** A general background, origin and development of Right to Information (RTI); Judicial aspect of RTI; Concept of freedom and legal rights.

**Unit-II:** RTI Act, 2005:

**Unit-III:** RTI and Judicial Activism: RTI and High Courts, RTI and Supreme Court, and RTI V/s Administration, Media and RTI, Stretching RTI to unreasonable limits.

**Unit-IV:** RTI and Other Laws: RTI and Human Rights, RTI in other countries-UK, USA; Media access to Official Information; Factors restricting free flow of information; and RTI and Right to Privacy.

**Unit-V:** Limitation Act, 1963.

**Recommended Books**

- |                                 |                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. Handbook on RTI, 2005        | Dr. Niraj Kumar |
| 2. Taxman's RTI: Law & Practice | Dr. R.K. Verma  |

3. Handbook on RTI Act
4. RTI Law in India

P.K. Das  
N.V. Paranjape

#### **Paper IVB- Human Rights**

- Unit-I:** Meaning, concept, origin, development of Human Rights; UN Charter & Universal Declaration of Human Rights and International Humanitarian Laws.
- Unit-II:** International Covenants of Human Rights: Civil & Political rights and Economic, social & cultural rights.; International Covenants on Inhuman Acts- Torture, slave, forced labour, genocide, apartheid; Human trafficking, prostitution, discrimination.
- Unit-III:** Human Rights and challenges of Globalization; Vulnerable groups and Human Rights: Women, children, refugees, migrant-workers, older & disable persons and indigenous people.
- Unit-IV:** Human Rights and Indian Constitution; The Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993- National Human Rights Commission and State Human Rights Commission; and Role of Non-Governmental Organizations in the Promotion and protection of Human Rights.
- Unit-V:** Programmes and Policies: Welfare Schemes; school and education integrated child development Schemes; Rural Health & employment; Promotion and Respect of Human Rights- Role of educational institutions, civil society, media, NGO's and obstacles; and international conventions & conferences on Human Rights.

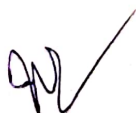
#### **Recommended Books**

1. The United Nations & The Human Rights P.N. Chaturvedi
2. Human Rights D.D. Basu

#### **Paper V- Moot Court Exercise and Legal Awareness**

This paper may have three components of maximum 30 marks each and a viva for maximum 10 marks.

- a. Every student may be required to do at least two moot courts in a session with 15 maximum marks for each. The moot court work will be on assigned problem and it will be evaluated for maximum 10 marks and maximum 5 marks for oral advocacy. (Maximum 30 Marks)
- b. Observation of trial in two cases, one civil and one criminal: students may be required to attend two trials in the course of the last two years of their law studies. they will maintain a record and enter the various steps observed during their attendance on different days in the court. The evaluation may be based on their attendance and the record. (Maximum 30 marks)
- c. During last year of their legal studies, each student will observe at least two interviewing sessions of client at the Lawyer's office/ legal aid office and record the



- proceedings in a diary, which will carry maximum 15 marks. And also, each student will further observe the preparation of documents and the court paper by the advocate and the procedure for the filling of suit/ petition. This will also be recorded in the aforesaid diary and carry maximum 15 marks, (Maximum 30 Marks)
- d. Viva-voce examination on all the above three aspects and carry maximum 10 marks.

**Note:- छात्र सेमिस्टर VIII में पेपर IVA (Criminology and Penolog) एवं पेपर IVB ( Information Technology and cybercrime) में से एक ; सेमिस्टर IX में पेपर IVA ( Taxation) एवं पेपर IVB (Bankrupcy and Insolvency Laws) में से एक ; सेमिस्टर X में पेपर IIIA ( Gender Studies) एवं पेपर IIIB ( Trust, Equity and Fiduciary Relations) में से एक और इसी प्रकार सेमिस्टर X में पेपर IVA ( Right to Information) एवं पेपर IVB (Human Rights: Law & Practice) में से एक ही विषय चुन पाएंगे.**

